## STATE OF MISSOURI

## DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

## MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION



# MISSOURI STATE OPERATING PERMIT

In compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, (Chapter 644 R.S. Mo. as amended, hereinafter, the Law), and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Public Law 92-500, 92<sup>nd</sup> Congress) as amended,

Permit No. MO-0125598

Owner: Malden Board of Public Works

Address: 111 East Laclede Street, Malden, MO 63863

Continuing Authority: City of Malden

Address: City Hall, Malden, MO 63863

Facility Name: Malden Industrial Park Lagoon

Facility Address: Malden Industrial Park, Malden, MO 63863

Legal Description: NW ¼, SE ¼, Sec. 28, T23N, R10E, Dunklin County

Latitude/Longitude: +3636228 / -08958540

Receiving Stream: Unnamed Tributary to East Ditch #1 (u)

First Classified Stream and ID: East Ditch #1 (C)(03108)

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: (008020204-040004)

is authorized to discharge from the facility described herein, in accordance with the effluent limitations and monitoring requirements as set forth herein:

## **FACILITY DESCRIPTION**

<u>Outfall #001</u> - POTW - SIC #4952

Four cell aerated lagoon/sludge retained in lagoon.

Design population equivalent is 4,000.

Design flow is 400,000 gallons per day.

Actual flow is 196,000 gallons per day.

Design sludge production 42 dry tons/year.

Actual sludge production is 17.8 dry tons/year.

This permit authorizes only wastewater discharges under the Missouri Clean Water Law and the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System; it does not apply to other regulated areas. This permit may be appealed in accordance with Section 644.051.6 of the Law.

a Leba L

| September 1, 2006  | Marke Chinesen  |
|--------------------|---|
| Effective Date     | Doyle Childers, Director, Department of Natural Resources |
|                    | Executive Secretary, Clean Water Commission               |
|                    |   |
| August 31, 2011    |   |
| Expiration Date    | Gary L. Gaines, P.E., Director, Southeast Regional Office |
| MO 780-0041 (10-93 |   |

## A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

PAGE NUMBER 2 of 9

PERMIT NUMBER MO-0125598

The permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) with serial number(s) as specified in the application for this permit. The interim effluent limitations shall become effective upon issuance and remain in effect until the day prior to expiration of the permit. Such discharges shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

|  |             | FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS |                   | MONITORING REQUIREMENTS |                          |                      |
|--|-------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT<br>PARAMETER(S)  | UNITS       | DAILY<br>MAXIMUM           | WEEKLY<br>AVERAGE | MONTHLY<br>AVERAGE      | MEASUREMENT<br>FREQUENCY | SAMPLE<br>TYPE       |
| Outfall #001<br>Flow   | MGD         | ****                       |                   | ****                    | once/weekday*            | * 24 hr.<br>estimate |
| Biochemical Oxygen<br>Demand <sub>5</sub> ***  | mg/L        |                            | 65                | 45                      | once/month               | grab                 |
| Total Suspended Solids***  | mg/L        |                            | 110               | 70                      | once/month               | grab                 |
| pH - Units   | SU          | ****                       |                   | ***                     | once/month               | grab                 |
| Ammonia as N   | mg/L        | ****                       |                   | ****                    | once/month               | grab                 |
| Temperature  | °C          | ****                       |                   | ****                    | once/month               | grab                 |
| MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED Monthly; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE October 28, 2006. THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.           |             |                            |                   |                         |                          |                      |
| Oil & Grease   | mg/L        | 15                         |                   | 10                      | once/month               | grab                 |
| Aluminum, Total Recoverable  | μg/L        | 750                        |                   |                         | once/quarter*            | 24 hr. composite     |
| Silver, Total Recoverable  | μg/L        | 6.5                        |                   |                         | once/quarter*            | 24 hr. composite     |
| Cyanide<br>(amennable to chlorine)   | μg/L        | 5                          |                   |                         | once/quarter*            | 24 hr. composite     |
| Lead, Total Recoverable  | μg/L        | 20                         |                   |                         | once/quarter*            | 24 hr. composite     |
| Cadmium, Total Recoverable   | μg/L        | 7.1                        |                   |                         | once/quarter*            | 24 hr. composite     |
| Copper, Total Recoverable  | μg/L        | 20                         |                   |                         | once/quarter*            | composite            |
| MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED Quarterly; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE <u>January 28, 2007</u> . THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS. |             |                            |                   |                         |                          |                      |
| Whole Effluent Toxicity  | %           | (See S                     | pecial Co         | ondition)               | once/year                | 24 hr.               |
| (WET) Test   | survival    |                            |                   |                         |                          |                      |
| MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUB  | MITTED Annu | ually;THE                  | FIRST REP         | ORT IS DUE <u>(</u>     | October 28, 2007         | THERE                |

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED <u>Annually</u>; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE <u>October 28, 2007</u>. THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

The permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) with serial number(s) as specified in the application for this permit. The final effluent limitations shall become effective one day prior to expiration and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. Such discharges shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

| OUTEAU ANNABED AND EFFICIENT                |          | FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS |                   |                    | MONITORING REQUIREMENTS  |                      |
|---|----------|----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT<br>PARAMETER(S) | UNITS    | DAILY<br>MAXIMUM           | WEEKLY<br>AVERAGE | MONTHLY<br>AVERAGE | MEASUREMENT<br>FREQUENCY | SAMPLE<br>TYPE       |
| Outfall #001<br>Flow                        | MGD      | ****                       |                   | ****               | once/weekday*            | * 24 hr.<br>estimate |
| Biochemical Oxygen Demand <sub>5</sub> ***  | mg/L     |                            | 65                | 45                 | once/month               | 24 hr.<br>composite  |
| Total Suspended Solids***                   | mg/L     |                            | 110               | 70                 | once/month               | 24 hr.<br>composite  |
| pH - Units                                  | SU       | ***                        |                   | ***                | once/month               | grab                 |
| Ammonia as N                                | mg/L     | ****                       |                   | ****               | once/month               | grab                 |
| Temperature                                 | °C       | ****                       |                   | ****               | once/month               | grab                 |
| Fecal Coliform (Note 1)                     | #/100 mL | 1000                       |                   | 400                | once/month               | grab                 |
| Total Residual Chlorine (Note 2)            | mg/L     | .019<br>(.13ML)            |                   | .019<br>(.13ML)    | once/month               | grab                 |

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED  $\underline{\mathtt{Monthly}}$ ; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE  $\underline{\mathtt{October}\ 28,\ 2011}$ . THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

| Oil & Grease                    | mg/L | 15  | 10 | once/quarter* | grab                |
|---------------------------------|------|-----|----|---------------|---------------------|
| Aluminum, Total Recoverable     | μg/L | 750 |    | once/quarter* | 24 hr.<br>composite |
| Silver, Total Recoverable       | μg/L | 6.5 |    | once/quarter* | 24 hr.<br>composite |
| Cyanide (amennable to chlorine) | μg/L | 5   |    | once/quarter* | 24 hr.<br>composite |
| Lead, Total Recoverable         | μg/L | 20  |    | once/quarter* | 24 hr.<br>composite |
| Cadmium, Total Recoverable      | μg/L | 7.1 |    | once/quarter* | 24 hr.<br>composite |
| Copper, Total Recoverable       | μg/L | 20  |    | once/quarter* | 24 hr.<br>composite |

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED  $\underline{\text{Quarterly}}$ ; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE  $\underline{\text{January 28, 2012}}$ . THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

| Whole Effluent Toxicity | %        | (See Special Condition) | Once/year | 24 hr.    |
|-------------------------|----------|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| (WET) Test              | survival |                         | in May    | composite |

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED  $\underline{\text{Annually}}$ ; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE  $\underline{\text{October 28, 2012}}$ . THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

## **B. STANDARD CONDITIONS**

IN ADDITION TO SPECIFIED CONDITIONS STATED HEREIN, THIS PERMIT IS SUBJECT TO THE ATTACHED Parts I, II & III STANDARD CONDITIONS DATED October 1, 1980 and August 15, 1994, AND HEREBY INCORPORATED AS THOUGH FULLY SET FORTH HEREIN.

## A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS (continued)

\* See table below for quarterly sampling

| Sample discharge at least once for the months of:     | Report is due: |
|---|----------------|
| January, February, March (1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter)    | April 28       |
| April, May, June (2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter)            | July 28        |
| July, August, September (3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter)     | October 28     |
| October, November, December (4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter) | January 28     |

- \*\* Once each weekday means: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday.
- \*\*\* This facility is required to meet a removal efficiency of 65% or more.
- \*\*\*\* pH is measured in pH units and is not to be averaged. The pH is limited to the range of 6.0-9.0 pH units.
- \*\*\*\* Monitor and report.
- Note 1 Final limitations and monitoring requirements for Fecal Coliform are applicable only during the recreational season from April 1 through October 31.
- Note 2 This permit contains a Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) limit.
- (a) This effluent limit is below the minimum quantification level (ML) of the most common and practical EPA approved CLTRC methods. The department has determined the current acceptable ML for total residual chlorine to be 0.13 mg/L when using the DPD Colorimetric Method #4500 CL G. from Standard Methods for the Examination of Waters and Wastewater. The permittee will conduct analyses in accordance with this method, or equivalent, and report actual analytical values. Measured values greater than or equal to the minimum quantification level of 0.13 mg/L will be considered violations of the permit and values less than the minimum quantification level of 0.13 mg/L will be considered to be in compliance with the permit limitation. The minimum quantification level does not authorize the discharge of chlorine in excess of the effluent limits stated in the permit.
- (b) Disinfection is required year-round unless the permit specifically states that "Final limitations and monitoring requirements for Fecal Coliform are applicable only during the recreational season from April 1 through October 31." If your permit does not require disinfection during the non-recreational months, do not chlorinate in those months.
- (c) Do not chemically dechlorinate if it is not needed to meet the limits in your permit.
- (d) If no chlorine was used in a given sampling period, an actual analysis is not necessary. Simply report as "0 mg/L" TRC.

## C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- 1. This permit may be reopened and modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued, to:
  - (a) Comply with any applicable effluent standard or limitation issued or approved under Sections 301(b)(2)(C) and (D), 304(b)(2), and 307(a) (2) of the Clean Water Act, if the effluent standard or limitation so issued or approved:
    - (1) contains different conditions or is otherwise more stringent than any effluent limitation in the permit; or
    - (2) controls any pollutant not limited in the permit.
  - (b) Incorporate new or modified effluent limitations or other conditions, if the result of a waste load allocation study, toxicity test or other information indicates changes are necessary to assure compliance with Missouri's Water Quality Standards.
  - (c) Incorporate new or modified effluent limitations or other conditions if, as the result of a watershed analysis, a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) limitation is developed for the receiving waters which are currently included in Missouri's list of waters of the state not fully achieving the state's water quality standards, also called the 303(d) list.

The permit as modified or reissued under this paragraph shall also contain any other requirements of the Clean Water Act then applicable.

- C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)
- 2. All outfalls must be clearly marked in the field.
- 3. Permittee will cease discharge by connection to areawide wastewater treatment system within 90 days of notice of its availability.
- 4. Changes in Discharges of Toxic Substances
  - The permittee shall notify the Director as soon as it knows or has reason to believe:
  - (a) That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels:"
    - (1) One hundred micrograms per liter (100 μg/L);
    - (2) Two hundred micrograms per liter (200  $\mu g/L$ ) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500  $\mu g/L$ ) for 2,5 dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4, 6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
    - (3) Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for the pollutant in the permit application;
    - (4) The level established in Part A of the permit by the Director.
  - (b) That they have begun or expect to begin to use or manufacture as an intermediate or final product or byproduct any toxic pollutant, which was not reported in the permit application.
- 5. Report as no-discharge when a discharge does not occur during the report period.
- 6. General Criteria. The following water quality criteria shall be applicable to all waters of the state at all times including mixing zones. No water contaminant, by itself or in combination with other substances, shall prevent the waters of the state from meeting the following conditions:
  - (a) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause the formation of putrescent, unsightly or harmful bottom deposits or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
  - (b) Waters shall be free from oil, scum and floating debris in sufficient amounts to be unsightly or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
  - (c) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause unsightly color or turbidity, offensive odor or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses:
  - (d) Waters shall be free from substances or conditions in sufficient amounts to result in toxicity to human, animal or aquatic life;
    - (e) There shall be no significant human health hazard from incidental contact with the water;
    - (f) There shall be no acute toxicity to livestock or wildlife watering;
    - (g) Waters shall be free from physical, chemical or hydrologic changes that would impair the natural biological community;
    - (h) Waters shall be free from used tires, car bodies, appliances, demolition debris, used vehicles or equipment and solid waste as defined in Missouri's Solid Waste Law, section 260.200, RSMo, except as the use of such materials is specifically permitted pursuant to section 260.200-260.247.
- 7. Sludge and Biosolids Use For Domestic Wastewater Treatment Facilities
  - (a) Permittee shall comply with the pollutant limitations, monitoring, reporting, and other requirements in accordance with the attached permit Standard Conditions.
  - (b) If sludge is not removed by a contract hauler, permittee is authorized to land apply biosolids. Permit Standard Conditions, Part III shall apply to the land application of biosolids. Permittee shall notify the department at least 180 days prior to the planned removal of biosolids. The department may require submittal of a biosolids management plan for department review and approval as determined appropriate on a case-by-case basis.

8. Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) tests shall be conducted as follows:

| SUMMARY OF WET TESTING FOR THIS PERMIT       |      |           |                 |     |  |  |
|--|------|-----------|-----------------|-----|--|--|
| OUTFALL A.E.C. % FREQUENCY SAMPLE TYPE MONTH |      |           |                 |     |  |  |
| #001   | 100% | Once/year | 24 hr.composite | May |  |  |

- (a) Test Schedule and Follow-Up Requirements
  - (1) Perform a SINGLE-dilution test in the months and at the frequency specified above. For tests which are successfully passed, submit test results USING THE DEPARTMENT'S WET TEST REPORT FORM #MO-780-1899 along with complete copies of the test reports as received from the laboratory, including copies of chain-of-custody forms within 30 calendar days of availability to the WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102. If the effluent passes the test, do not repeat the test until the next test period.
    - (a) For discharges of stormwater, samples shall be collected within three hours from when discharge first occurs.
    - (b) Samples submitted for analysis of stormwater discharges shall be collected as a grab.
    - (c) For discharges of non-stormwater, samples shall be collected only when precipitation has not occurred for a period of forty-eight hours prior to sample collection. In no event shall sample collection occur simultaneously with the occurrence of precipitation excepting for stormwater samples.
    - (d) A twenty-four hour composite sample shall be submitted for analysis of non-stormwater discharges.
    - (e) Upstream receiving water samples, where required, shall be collected upstream from any influence of the effluent where downstream flow is clearly evident.
    - (f) Samples submitted for analysis of upstream receiving water may be collected as either a grab or twenty-four-hour composite as appropriate to the nature of the discharge.
    - (g) Chemical and physical analysis of the upstream control and effluent sample shall occur immediately upon being received by the laboratory, prior to any manipulation of the effluent sample beyond preservation methods consistent with federal guidelines for WET testing that are required to stabilize the sample during shipping.
    - (h) Any and all chemical or physical analysis of the effluent sample performed in conjunction with the WET test shall be performed at the 100% Effluent concentration in addition to analyses performed upon any other effluent concentration.
    - (i) All chemical analyses included in the Missouri Department of Natural Resources WET test report form #MO-780-1899 shall be performed and results shall be recorded in the appropriate field of the report form.
    - (j) Where flow-weighted composite sample is required for analysis, the samples shall be composited at the laboratory where the test is to be performed.
    - (k) Where in stream testing is required downstream from the discharge, sample collection shall occur immediately below the established Zone of Initial Dilution in conjunction with or immediately following a release or discharge.
    - (1) Samples submitted for analysis of downstream receiving water may be collected as either a grab or twenty-four-hour composite as appropriate to the nature of the discharge.
    - (m) All instream samples, including downstream samples, shall be tested for toxicity at the 100% concentration in addition to any other assigned AEC for in-stream samples.

- (2) All failing test results along with complete copies of the test reports as received from the laboratory, INCLUDING THOSE TESTS CONDUCTED UNDER CONDITION (3) BELOW, shall be reported to the WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102 within 14 calendar days of the availability of the results.
- (3) If the effluent fails the test, a multiple dilution test shall be performed within 30 calendar days and biweekly thereafter, until one of the following conditions are met:
  - (a) THREE CONSECUTIVE MULTIPLE-DILUTION TESTS PASS. No further tests need to be performed until next regularly scheduled test period.
  - (b) A TOTAL OF THREE MULTIPLE-DILUTION TESTS FAIL.
- (4) Failure of at least two multiple-dilution tests during any period of accelerated monitoring violates the permit narrative requirement for aquatic life protection.
- (5) The permittee shall submit a concise summary of all test results for the test series to the WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102 within 14 calendar days of the third failed test.
- (6) Additionally, the following shall apply upon failure of the third MULTIPLE DILUTION test: A toxicity identification evaluation (TIE) or toxicity reduction evaluation (TRE) is automatically triggered. The permittee shall contact THE WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM within 14 calendar days from availability of the test results to ascertain as to whether a TIE or TRE is appropriate. The permittee shall submit a plan for conducting a TIE or TRE to the WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM within 60 calendar days of the date of DNR's direction to perform either a TIE or TRE. This plan must be approved by DNR before the TIE or TRE is begun. A schedule for completing the TIE or TRE shall be established in the plan approval.
- (7) Upon DNR's approval, the TIE/TRE schedule may be modified if toxicity is intermittent during the TIE/TRE investigations. A revised WET test schedule may be established by DNR for this period.
- (8) If a previously completed TIE has clearly identified the cause of toxicity, additional TIEs will not be required as long as effluent characteristics remain essentially unchanged and the permittee is proceeding according to a DNR approved schedule to complete a TRE and reduce toxicity. Regularly scheduled WET testing as required in the permit, without the follow-up requirements, will be required during this period.
- (9) When WET test sampling is required to run over one DMR period, each DMR report shall contain a copy of the Department's WET test report form that was generated during the reporting period.
- (10) Submit a concise summary in tabular format of all test results with the annual report.
- (b) PASS/FAIL procedure and effluent limitations:
  - (1) To pass a single-dilution test, mortality observed in the AEC test concentration shall not be significantly different (at the 95% confidence level; p = 0.05) than that observed in the upstream receiving-water control sample. Where upstream receiving water is not available mortality observed in the AEC test concentration shall not be significantly different (at the 95% confidence level; p = 0.05) than that observed in the laboratory control. The appropriate statistical tests of significance shall be consistent with the most current edition of METHODS FOR MEASURING THE ACUTE TOXICITY OF EFFLUENTS AND RECEIVING WATERS TO FRESHWATER AND MARINE ORGANISMS or other Federal guidelines as appropriate or required.
  - (2) To pass a multiple-dilution test:
    - (a) For facilities with a computed percent effluent at the edge of the zone of initial dilution, Allowable Effluent Concentration (AEC), OF 30% OR LESS THE AEC must be less than three-tenths (0.3) of the  $LC_{50}$  concentration for the most sensitive of the test organisms; OR,

- (b) For facilities with an AEC greater than 30% the LC50 concentration must be greater than 100%; AND,
- (c) all effluent concentrations equal to or less than the AEC must be nontoxic. Mortality observed in all effluent concentrations equal to or less than the AEC shall not be significantly different (at the 95% confidence level; p = 0.05) than that observed in the upstream receiving-water control sample. Where upstream receiving water is not available mortality observed in the AEC test concentration shall not be significantly different (at the 95% confidence level; p = 0.05) than that observed in the laboratory control. The appropriate statistical tests of significance shall be consistent with the most current edition of METHODS FOR MEASURING THE ACUTE TOXICITY OF EFFLUENTS AND RECEIVING WATERS TO FRESHWATER AND MARINE ORGANISMS or other federal guidelines as appropriate or required. Failure of one multiple-dilution test may be considered an effluent limit violation.

#### (c) Test Conditions

- (1) Test Type: Acute Static non-renewal
- (2) Test species: Ceriodaphnia dubia and Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow). Organisms used in WET testing shall come from cultures reared for the purpose of conducting toxicity tests and cultured in a manner consistent with the most current USEPA guidelines. All test animals shall be cultured as described in the most current edition of METHODS FOR MEASURING THE ACUTE TOXICITY OF EFFLUENTS AND RECEIVING WATERS TO FRESHWATER AND MARINE ORGANISMS.
- (3) Test period: 48 hours at the "Acceptable Effluent Concentration" (AEC) specified above.
- (4) When dilutions are required, upstream receiving stream water shall be used as dilution water. If upstream water is unavailable or if mortality in the upstream water exceeds 10%, "reconstituted" water will be used as dilution water. Procedures for generating reconstituted water will be supplied by the MDNR upon request.
- (5) Single-dilution tests will be run with:
  - (a) Effluent at the AEC concentration;
  - (b) 100% receiving-stream water (if available), collected upstream of the outfall at a point beyond any influence of the effluent; and
  - (c) reconstituted water.
- (6) Multiple-dilution tests will be run with:
  - (a) 100%, 50%, 25%, 12.5%, and 6.25% effluent, unless the AEC is less than 25% effluent, in which case dilutions will be 4 times the AEC, two times the AEC, AEC, 1/2 AEC and 1/4 AEC;
  - (b) 100% receiving-stream water (if available), collected upstream of the outfall at a point beyond any influence of the effluent; and
  - (c) reconstituted water.
- (7) If reconstituted-water control mortality for a test species exceeds 10%, the entire test will be rerun.
- (8) If upstream control mortality exceeds 10%, the entire test will be rerun using reconstituted water as the dilutant.

#### 9. Industrial Pretreatment Program

Permittee shall implement and enforce its approved pretreatment program in accordance with the requirements of 40 CPR Part 403. The approved pretreatment program is hereby incorporated by reference.

- (a) Permittee shall submit to the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (MDNR) on or before March  $31^{\rm st}$  of each year a report briefly describing its pretreatment activities during the previous calendar year. At a minimum, the report shall include the following:
  - (1) An updated list of the Permittee's Industrial Users, including their names and addresses, or a list of deletions and additions keyed to a previously submitted list. The Permittee shall provide a brief explanation of each deletion. This list shall identify which Industrial Users are subject to categorical pretreatment Standards and specify which Standards are applicable to each Industrial User. The list shall indicate which Industrial Users are subject to local standards that are more stringent that the categorical Pretreatment Standards. The Permittee shall also list the Industrial Users that are subject only to local Requirements;
  - (2) A summary of the status of Industrial User compliance over the reporting period;
  - (3) A summary of compliance and enforcement activities (including inspections) conducted by the Permittee during the reporting period; and
  - (4) Any other relevant information requested by MDNR.

#### D. SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE

The final daily maximum and monthly average Fecal Coliform limits of 400/100ml and 1000/100ml, respectively, shall become effective one day prior to the expiration date of the permit or December 31, 2013, whichever comes first unless items 2 or 3 below are approved by the Department. The Effluent Regulation, 10 CSR 20 - 7.015(9)(H), allows the permittee up to five years from the issuance date of this permit to:

- 1) Install disinfection facilities, or;
- 2) Present an evaluation to show that disinfection is not required to protect one or both recreational uses, or;
- 3) Present a Use Attainability Analysis (UAA) that demonstrates one or both designated recreational uses are not attainable in the classified waters receiving the effluent. For more information on UAA's please contact the Water Protection Program at (573) 751-1300.
- 4) Suggested timeline to comply with standard:
  - a) Submit evaluation or UAA if applicable within one year from issuance of this permit
  - b) If evaluation or UAA not applicable or submittal resulted in Whole Body Contact retention then submit a preliminary engineering report, prepared by a licensed professional engineer in the State of Missouri within two years from issuance of this permit. The preliminary engineeering report shall make recommendations to upgrade the wastewater treatment facility to include effluent disinfection equipment. (If a facility utilizes disinfection by chlorine, it may be required to dechlorinate the effluent.)
  - Submit construction permit application within three years from issuance of this permit and after approval of the preliminary engineering report by the Department. The application shall include applicable fees, plans and specifications in accordance with the approved preliminary engineering report.
  - d) Submit letter of authorization or statement of work complete signed by the owner and a licensed professional engineer in the State of Missouri prior to expiration of this permit.